

# Package: glycanr (via r-universe)

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**Title** Tools for Analysing N-Glycan Data

**Version** 0.4.0

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**Language** en-US

**Description** Useful utilities in N-glycan data analysis. This package tries to fill the gap in N-glycan data analysis by providing easy to use functions for basic operations on data (see <<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Glycomics>> for more details on Glycomics). At the moment 'glycanr' is mostly oriented to data obtained by UPLC (Ultra Performance Liquid Chromatography) and LCMS (Liquid chromatography–mass spectrometry) analysis of Plasma and IgG glycome.

**Depends** R (>= 3.1.2)

**Imports** ggplot2, tidyr (>= 0.3.1), dplyr (>= 0.4.3), coin

**License** MIT + file LICENSE

**LazyData** true

**Suggests** knitr, markdown, preprocessCore, testthat

**VignetteBuilder** knitr

**URL** <https://github.com/iugrina/glycanr>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/iugrina/glycanr/issues>

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**NeedsCompilation** no

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glyco.outliers	<i>Discover outliers in glycan data</i>
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### Description

Returns outliers within every glycan structure

### Usage

```
glyco.outliers(data, group = NULL, outlier.function = NULL, alpha = 1.5)
```

### Arguments

data	data frame in long format containing glycan measurements
group	a possible grouping parameter on which stratification of data should be conducted. It should be a name of one of the columns in dataframe data and of type factor.
outlier.function	a function that checks for outliers in a vector. Receives one parameter representing a vector and returns logical vector indicating outliers.

alpha If outlier.function parameter is set to NULL outliers are calculated as those points that are greater than upper quartile + alpha \* IQR (interquartile range) or lower than lower quartile - alpha \* IQR (interquartile range). If parameter outlier.function is not NULL parameter alpha is not used.

### Details

Input data frame should have at least the following three columns:

- gid - representing a unique name of a sample
- glycan - representing glycan names
- value - representing measured values

### Value

Returns a data.frame with outliers

### Author(s)

Ivo Ugrina

### Examples

```
data(mpiu)

glyco.outliers(mpiu)

# outliers per plate
glyco.outliers(mpiu, group="Plate")
```

---

glyco.plot *Plot data representing Glycans in boxplot or violin mode using gg-*  
*plot2*

---

### Description

This function constructs standard plots in exploratory analysis of N-Glycans.

### Usage

```
glyco.plot(
  data,
  collapse = TRUE,
  violin = FALSE,
  group = NULL,
  all = TRUE,
  p.adjust.method = "holm",
  print.p.values = TRUE,
  log.transform = FALSE,
  glyco.names = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>data</code>	data frame which holds columns representing Glycans. These column names must start with 'GP'.
<code>collapse</code>	should Glycans be presented in one facet (default) or with more facets (one per Glycan).
<code>violin</code>	should Glycans be presented in a boxplot (default) or violin format.
<code>group</code>	this a possible grouping parameter on which stratification of data should be conducted. It should be a name of one of the columns in dataframe data and of type factor.
<code>all</code>	should all of the variables (default) be presented in the plot or only those that have significant p-values. This variable is meaningful only when group is not NULL since the testing of differences is conducted between different groups represented by group variable. If group has only 2 levels then Mann-Whitney-Wilcoxon ( <code>wilcox.test</code> ) test is conducted. Otherwise, Kruskal-Wallis test is conducted ( <code>kruskal.test</code> ). Obtained p-values are adjusted to multiple testing with <code>p.adjust</code> .
<code>p.adjust.method</code>	method used for adjustment of p-values to multiple testing. Variable <code>p.adjust.method</code> must be an element of <code>p.adjust.methods</code> .
<code>print.p.values</code>	should p-values be printed on plots
<code>log.transform</code>	should Glycans be log transform prior to plotting.
<code>glyco.names</code>	names of columns that represent glycan data. If NULL all columns starting with 'GP' in their names will be used

**Value**

Returns a list consisting of p-values, adjusted p-values and the plot.

**Author(s)**

Ivo Ugrina

**Examples**

```
devAskNewPage(TRUE)
exampleData <- data.frame(ID=1:100, GP1=runif(100),
  GP2=rexp(100,0.2), GP3=rgamma(100, 3),
  Plate=factor(sample(1:2,100,replace=TRUE)))
glyco.plot(exampleData)
glyco.plot(exampleData, group='Plate', collapse=FALSE, log=TRUE)
```

---

ildt	<i>Derived traits for Glycan peaks in IgG for LCMS</i>
------	--

---

**Description**

Calculates values of derived traits for Glycan peaks in IgG for LCMS

**Usage**

```
ildt(data = NULL, method = "2014", print.exp.names = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

data	data frame that holds columns representing Glycans.
method	year of the derived traits definition. By default 2014.
print.exp.names	If TRUE return expected column names representing glycans.

**Details**

Calculates derived traits from basic glycan peaks. User can choose which definition of the derived traits he will use (see references for different versions/definitions of derived traits).

**Value**

Returns the data frame with derived traits

**Author(s)**

Ivo Ugrina

**References**

Jennifer E. Huffman et al. (2014) "Comparative Performance of Four Methods for High-throughput Glycosylation Analysis of Immunoglobulin G in Genetic and Epidemiological Research\*" doi: [10.1074/mcp.M113.037465](https://doi.org/10.1074/mcp.M113.037465)

---

ildt.translate	<i>Translate names between computer readable and human readable for derived traits of IgG with LCMS</i>
----------------	---

---

### Description

Translates names between computer readable and human readable for derived traits of IgG with LCMS

### Usage

```
ildt.translate(orignames, to = "inverse", method = "2014")
```

### Arguments

orignames	vector; type string
to	type of translation. If inverse is used everything will be translated. For computer names will be translated to computer readable, and for human names will be translated to human readable.
method	year of the derived traits definition. By default 2014.

### Details

User can choose which definition of the derived traits he will use (see references for different versions/definitions of derived traits).

### Value

Returns a character vector with original and translated names

### Author(s)

Ivo Ugrina

### References

Jennifer E. Huffman et al. (2014) "Comparative Performance of Four Methods for High-throughput Glycosylation Analysis of Immunoglobulin G in Genetic and Epidemiological Research\*" doi: [10.1074/mcp.M113.037465](https://doi.org/10.1074/mcp.M113.037465)

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iudt	<i>Derived traits for Glycan peaks in IgG for UPLC</i>
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---

### Description

Calculates values of derived traits for Glycan peaks in IgG for UPLC

### Usage

```
iudt(data = NULL, method = "2014", print.exp.names = FALSE)
```

### Arguments

`data` data frame that holds columns representing Glycans. These column names should start with 'GP'.

`method` year of the derived traits definition. By default 2014.

`print.exp.names`  
If TRUE return expected column names representing glycans.

### Details

Calculates derived traits from basic glycan peaks. User can choose which definition of the derived traits he will use (see references for different versions/definitions of derived traits).

### Value

Returns the data frame with derived traits

### Author(s)

Ivo Ugrina, Frano Vučković

### References

Jennifer E. Huffman et al. (2014) "Comparative Performance of Four Methods for High-throughput Glycosylation Analysis of Immunoglobulin G in Genetic and Epidemiological Research\*" doi: [10.1074/mcp.M113.037465](https://doi.org/10.1074/mcp.M113.037465)

---

iudt.translate	<i>Translate names between computer readable and human readable for derived traits of IgG with UPLC</i>
----------------	---

---

### Description

Translates names between computer readable and human readable for derived traits of IgG with UPLC

### Usage

```
iudt.translate(orignames, to = "inverse", method = "2014")
```

### Arguments

orignames	vector; type string
to	type of translation. If inverse is used everything will be translated. For computer names will be translated to computer readable, and for human names will be translated to human readable.
method	year of the derived traits definition. By default 2014.

### Details

User can choose which definition of the derived traits he will use (see references for different versions/definitions of derived traits).

### Value

Returns a character vector with original and translated names

### Author(s)

Ivo Ugrina

### References

Jennifer E. Huffman et al. (2014) "Comparative Performance of Four Methods for High-throughput Glycosylation Analysis of Immunoglobulin G in Genetic and Epidemiological Research\*" doi: [10.1074/mcp.M113.037465](https://doi.org/10.1074/mcp.M113.037465)



---

mediannorm	<i>Median Normalization of glycan data</i>
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---

### Description

Returns glycans normalized with Median Normalization approach.

### Usage

```
mediannorm(d, grouping = FALSE)
```

### Arguments

d	data frame in long format containing glycan measurements
grouping	should data be normalized per groups

### Details

Input data frame should have at least the following three columns:

- gid - representing a unique name of a sample
- glycan - representing glycan names
- value - representing measured values

and if the grouping argument is TRUE it should also have column:

- groups - representing groupings (e.g. IgG1, IgG2 and IgG4)

### Value

Returns a data.frame with original glycan values substituted by normalized ones

### Author(s)

Ivo Ugrina, Lucija Klarić

### Examples

```
data(mpiu)
mpiun <- mediannorm(mpiu)
head(mpiun)
```

---

medianquotientnorm     *Median Quotient Normalization of glycan data*

---

### Description

Returns glycans normalized with Median Quotient Normalization approach.

### Usage

```
medianquotientnorm(d, grouping = FALSE)
```

### Arguments

d	data frame in long format containing glycan measurements
grouping	should data be normalized per groups

### Details

Input data frame should have at least the following three columns:

- gid - representing a unique name of a sample
  - glycan - representing glycan names
  - value - representing measured values
- and if the grouping argument is TRUE it should also have column:
- groups - representing groupings (e.g. IgG1, IgG2 and IgG4)

### Value

Returns a data.frame with original glycan values substituted by normalized ones

### Author(s)

Ivo Ugrina, Lucija Klarić

### References

Dieterle F, Ross A, Schlotterbeck G, Senn H.:  
Probabilistic Quotient Normalization as Robust Method to Account for Dilution of Complex Bio-  
logical Mixtures. Application in 1H NMR Metabolomics.  
Anal Chem 2006;78:4281-90.  
doi: [10.1021/ac051632c](https://doi.org/10.1021/ac051632c)

### Examples

```
data(mpiu)  
mpiun <- medianquotientnorm(mpiu)  
head(mpiun)
```

---

mpiu	<i>Multiple plates IgG UPLC data example</i>
------	--

---

**Description**

This is an example of the data obtained by UPLC while analysing IgG.

**Usage**

```
mpiu
```

**Format**

An object of class `data.frame` with 13680 rows and 4 columns.

---

mpiunorm	<i>Normalized mpiu data</i>
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---

**Description**

This is an example of the normalized mpiu data. It is intended to be used for unit tests.

**Usage**

```
mpiunorm
```

**Format**

An object of class `data.frame` with 68400 rows and 5 columns.

---

phdt	<i>Derived traits for Glycan peaks in PLASMA for HPLC</i>
------	---

---

**Description**

Calculates values of derived traits for Glycan peaks in Plasma for HPLC

**Usage**

```
phdt(data = NULL, method = "2011", print.exp.names = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

data	data frame that holds columns representing Glycans. These column names should start with 'GP'.
method	year of the derived traits definition. By default 2011.
print.exp.names	If TRUE return expected column names representing glycans.

**Details**

Calculates derived traits from basic glycan peaks. User can choose which definition of the derived traits he will use (see references for different versions/definitions of derived traits).

**Value**

Returns the data frame with derived traits

**Author(s)**

Ivo Ugrina, Lucija Klarić

**References**

Lu et al. (2011) "Screening Novel Biomarkers for Metabolic Syndrome by Profiling Human Plasma N-Glycans in Chinese Han and Croatian Populations" doi: [10.1021/pr2004067](https://doi.org/10.1021/pr2004067) Irena Trbojevic-Akmacic et al. "Plasma N-glycome composition associates with chronic low back pain" doi: [10.1016/j.bbagen.2018.07.003](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.bbagen.2018.07.003)

---

quantilenorm

*Quantile Normalization of glycan data*

---

**Description**

Returns glycans normalized with Quantile Normalization approach.

**Usage**

```
quantilenorm(d, grouping = FALSE, transpose = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

d	data frame in long format containing glycan measurements
grouping	should data be normalized per groups
transpose	transpose the data prior to normalization

**Details**

Input data frame should have at least the following three columns:

- gid - representing a unique name of a sample
- glycan - representing glycan names
- value - representing measured values

and if the grouping argument is TRUE it should also have column:

- groups - representing groupings (e.g. IgG1, IgG2 and IgG4)

**Value**

Returns a data.frame with original glycan values substituted by normalized ones

**Author(s)**

Ivo Ugrina, Lucija Klarić

**References**

Bolstad, B. M., Irizarry R. A., Astrand, M, and Speed, T. P.:  
A Comparison of Normalization Methods for High Density Oligonucleotide Array Data Based on Bias and Variance.  
Bioinformatics 19(2), p. 185-193, 2003.  
doi: [10.1093/bioinformatics/19.2.185](https://doi.org/10.1093/bioinformatics/19.2.185)

**Examples**

```
data(mpiu)
if(requireNamespace("preprocessCore", quietly=TRUE)){
  mpiun <- quantilenorm(mpiu)
  head(mpiun)

  # transpose (change) subjects and measurements
  mpiunt <- quantilenorm(mpiu, transpose=TRUE)
  head(mpiunt)
}
```

---

refpeaknorm

*Reference Peak Normalization of glycan data*

---

**Description**

Returns glycans normalized with Reference Peak Normalization approach.

**Usage**

```
refpeaknorm(d, grouping = FALSE, peak = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

d	data frame in long format containing glycan measurements
grouping	should data be normalized per groups
peak	glycan name to use as the reference peak. If NULL peak with maximal value (summed through all samples) is used

**Details**

Input data frame should have at least the following three columns:

- gid - representing a unique name of a sample
  - glycan - representing glycan names
  - value - representing measured values
- and if the grouping argument is TRUE it should also have column:
- groups - representing groupings (e.g. IgG1, IgG2 and IgG4)

**Value**

Returns a data.frame with original glycan values substituted by normalized ones

**Author(s)**

Ivo Ugrina, Lucija Klarić

**Examples**

```
data(mpiu)
mpiun <- refpeaknorm(mpiu)
head(mpiun)
```

---

tanorm

*Total Area Normalization of glycan data*

---

**Description**

Returns glycans normalized with Total Area Normalization approach.

**Usage**

```
tanorm(d, grouping = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

d	data frame in long format containing glycan measurements
grouping	should data be normalized per groups

**Details**

Input data frame should have at least the following three columns:

- gid - representing a unique name of a sample
- glycan - representing glycan names
- value - representing measured values

and if the grouping argument is TRUE it should also have column:

- groups - representing groupings (e.g. IgG1, IgG2 and IgG4)

**Value**

Returns a data.frame with original glycan values substituted by normalized ones

**Author(s)**

Ivo Ugrina

**Examples**

```
data(mpiu)
mpiun <- tanorm(mpiu)
head(mpiun)
```

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